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PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/17 AND ENDING 12/31/17
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1300 Clinton Street

(No. and Street)

Fort Wayne

IN

46802

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Carl Pawsat

(336) 691-3486

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Ernst & Young LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

2005 Market St., Suite 700

Philadelphia

PA

19103

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:



Certified Public Accountant



Public Accountant



Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of
information contained in this form are not required to respond
unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Carl R. Pawsat, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation, as of December 31, 20 17, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

C. Pawsat
Signature

AVP, Financial and Operations Principal
Title

Lori C. Knibb
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☐ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☐ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

****For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).**

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Statement of Financial Condition

Year Ended December 31, 2017

Contents

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Suite 700
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Philadelphia, PA 19103

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors
Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Opinion on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation (an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Lincoln National Corporation) (the Company) as of December 31, 2017, and the related notes (the "financial statement"). In our opinion, the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2017, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Basis for Opinion

The financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statement based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Ernst + Young LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since at least 2001, but we are unable to determine the specific year.

February 26, 2018

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Statement of Financial Condition

| | December 31, 2017 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Assets | |
| Cash and invested cash | \$ 15,834,131 |
| Commissions and fees receivable from third parties | 6,581,608 |
| Commissions and fees receivable from affiliates | 350,868 |
| Due from affiliates | 2,190,939 |
| Other assets | 16,503,711 |
| Net property and equipment (accumulated depreciation: 2017 - \$1,071,688) | 1,952,046 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 43,413,303</u> |
| Liabilities and stockholder's equity | |
| Liabilities: | |
| Payable to vendors | \$ 1,265,408 |
| Due to affiliates | 2,657,364 |
| Accrued commissions | 4,801,019 |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | 463,593 |
| Other liabilities | 9,856,925 |
| Total liabilities | <u>19,044,309</u> |
| Stockholder's equity: | |
| Common stock – \$1 par value; 100,000 shares authorized; 50,000 shares issued and outstanding | 50,000 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 33,730,325 |
| Accumulated deficit | (9,411,331) |
| Total stockholder's equity | <u>24,368,994</u> |
| Total liabilities and stockholder's equity | <u>\$ 43,413,303</u> |

See accompanying notes.

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2017

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards

Nature of Operations

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation (“LFS” or the “Company,” which also may be referred to as “we,” “our” or “us”) is a registered broker-dealer and investment advisor engaged principally in the distribution of securities, including certain mutual funds, variable insurance products, fee-based investment advisory services, and equity and fixed income securities. LFS is licensed to engage in broker-dealer and investment advisor activity throughout the United States. LFS is a wholly owned subsidiary of Lincoln National Corporation (“LNC”).

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying statement of financial condition is prepared in accordance with United States of America generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). Certain GAAP policies, which significantly affect the determination of financial position are summarized below.

The Company and other affiliated entities that provide services to the Company are under common ownership and management control. The existence of this control could result in the Company’s financial position being significantly different from those that would have been obtained if the Company were autonomous.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the statement of financial condition in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions affecting the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements. Those estimates are inherently subject to change and actual results could differ from those estimates.

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards (continued)

Cash and Invested Cash

Cash and invested cash is carried at cost, which approximates fair value, and includes all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. Pursuant to the Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), we categorized cash and invested cash in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Cash and invested cash included \$15,250,000 of securities which were subject to haircuts in the computation of net capital.

Commission Revenue and Expense

Commission revenue for customer securities transactions and related commission expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis. Advisory fee income, asset-based revenue and corresponding commission expenses are recorded as earned based on a contractual percentage of customer account values.

The associated accounts receivables are included in the commissions and fees receivable from third parties and affiliates on the Statement of Financial Condition. The related commission payable is included in accrued commissions on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Income Taxes

LNC files a U.S. consolidated income tax return that includes all eligible subsidiaries, including LFS. Pursuant to an intercompany tax-sharing agreement with LNC, LFS provides for income taxes on a separate return filing basis. The tax-sharing agreement also provides that LFS will receive benefit for net operating losses, capital losses, and tax credits, which may not be usable on a separate return basis to the extent such items may be utilized in the consolidated federal income tax returns of LNC.

Deferred income taxes are recognized, based on enacted rates, when assets and liabilities have different values for financial statement and tax reporting purposes. A valuation allowance is recorded to the extent required. Considerable judgment and the use of estimates are required in determining whether a valuation allowance is necessary and, if so, the amount of such valuation allowance. See Note 2 for additional information.

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards (continued)

Other Assets and Other Liabilities related to AdviceNextSM

In 2013, the Company entered into an agreement with our clearing provider to launch *AdviceNextSM*, an integrated offering that optimizes the delivery of the firm's practice resources, tools and technology to advisors.

The agreement provides for business development credits that are received by the Company from the clearing provider upon execution of the contract and achievement of certain time or performance milestones, as specified in the contract. The business development credits are recorded as deferred revenue and are being recognized over the contract period. Additionally, the launch of *AdviceNextSM* results in incremental and identifiable costs that are directly related to the acquisition of the agreement with the clearing provider. These costs have been capitalized and will be amortized over the contract period.

The significant components reported in our Statement of Financial Condition were as follows:

| | December 31, 2017 |
|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Other Assets | |
| Business development credit receivable | \$ 3,950,589 |
| Capitalized costs, net of amortization | 9,351,866 |
| Other Liabilities | |
| Business development credit deferred revenue | 7,552,727 |

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment owned for company use is carried at cost less allowances for depreciation.

Deferred Compensation

Certain LFS employees participate in a deferred compensation plan sponsored and administered by LNC. LFS is allocated appropriate expenses related to the plan by LNC. LFS reports the associated liability in accrued compensation and benefits on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Stock-Based Compensation

Certain LFS employees participate in stock-based compensation programs sponsored and administered by LNC. LFS is allocated appropriate expenses related to the program by LNC. LFS reports the nonexercised portion in accrued compensation and benefits on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards (continued)

Loans to Registered Representatives

LFS has a loan program to attract top-producing representatives to join the sales network. Assuming the producers can generate gross dealer concessions (“GDC”) in excess of a contracted amount, LFS will advance the representative a specified dollar amount that will be forgiven over the life of the loan (typically three to seven years). The executed contract for each loan stipulates annual GDC requirements that must be met in order for that year’s proportion of the loan to be waived. Alternatively, if at the end of the contract period, the cumulative GDC production is equal to or in excess of the aggregate contract requirement, the entire balance of the loan will be waived. LFS reported loan receivables, net of amortization, of \$2,928,514 as of December 31, 2017, in other assets on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards

The following table provides a description of future adoptions of new accounting standards that may have an impact on our financial statements when adopted:

| Standard | Description | Projected Date of Adoption | Effect on Financial Statements or Other Significant Matters |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers & ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers; Deferral of the Effective Date | This standard establishes the core principle of recognizing revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods and services. The amendments define a five-step process that systematically identifies the various components of the revenue recognition process, culminating with the recognition of revenue upon satisfaction of an entity’s performance obligation. Retrospective application is required. After performing extensive outreach, the FASB decided to delay the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for one year. Early application is permitted but only for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. | January 1, 2018 | We are still evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2014-09, but believe it will have no material effect on our current pattern of revenue recognition and will not have a material impact on our Statement of Financial Condition. |

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards (continued)

| Standard | Description | Projected Date of Adoption | Effect on Financial Statements or Other Significant Matters |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASU 2016-02, Leases | This standard establishes a new accounting model for leases. Lessees will recognize most leases on the balance as a right-of-use asset and a related lease liability. The lease liability is measured as the present value of the lease payments over the lease term with the right-of-use asset measured at the lease liability amount and including adjustments for certain lease incentives and initial direct costs. Lease expense recognition will continue to differentiate between finance leases and operating leases resulting in a similar pattern of lease expense recognition as under current GAAP. This ASU permits a modified retrospective adoption approach which includes a number of optional practical expedients that entities may elect upon adoption. Early adoption is permitted. | January 1, 2019 | We are currently identifying all of our leases that will be within the scope of this standard; as such we continue to evaluate the quantitative impact of adopting this ASU on the Statement of Financial Condition. Based on our initial assessment, we do not expect there to be a significant difference in our pattern of lease expense recognition under this ASU. |

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards (continued)

| Standard | Description | Projected Date of Adoption | Effect on Financial Statements or Other Significant Matters |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASU 2016-08, Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net) | These amendments clarify the implementation guidance on principal versus agent considerations in ASU 2014-09, including how an entity should identify the unit of accounting for the principal versus agent evaluation. In addition, the amendments clarify how to apply the control principle to certain types of arrangements, such as service transactions, by explaining what a principal controls before the good or service is transferred to the customer. Transition requirements are consistent with ASU 2014-09. | January 1, 2018 | We are still evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU, but believe it will not have a material impact on our Statement of Financial Condition. See comments under ASU 2014-09 for more information. |
| ASU 2016-10, Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing | These amendments clarify, among other things, the accounting guidance in ASU 2014-09 regarding how an entity will determine whether promised goods or services are separately identifiable, which is an important consideration in determining whether to account for goods or services as a separate performance obligation. Transition requirements are consistent with ASU 2014-09. | January 1, 2018 | We are still evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU, but believe it will not have a material impact on our Statement of Financial Condition. See comments under ASU 2014-09 for more information. |

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

1. Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and New Accounting Standards (continued)

| Standard | Description | Projected Date of Adoption | Effect on Financial Statements or Other Significant Matters |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASU 2016-12, Narrow Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients | The standard update amends the revenue recognition guidance in ASU 2014-09 related to transition, collectability, noncash consideration and the presentation of sales and other similar taxes. The amendments clarify that, for a contract to be considered completed at transition, substantially all of the revenue must have been recognized under current GAAP. The amendments also clarify how an entity should evaluate the collectability threshold and when an entity can recognize nonrefundable consideration received as revenue if an arrangement does not meet the standard's contract criteria. Transition requirements are consistent with ASU 2014-09. | January 1, 2018 | We are still evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU, but believe it will not have a material impact on our Statement of Financial Condition. See comments under ASU 2014-09 for more information. |
| ASU 2016-20, Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers | These amendments clarify thirteen issues related to the adoption of ASU 2014-09. The most significant issue of these amendments for us is the clarification that all contracts within the scope of Topic 944 are excluded from the scope of ASU 2014-09, rather than just insurance contracts as described in ASU 2014-09. Transition requirements are consistent with ASU 2014-09. | January 1, 2018 | We are still evaluating the impact of the adoption of this ASU, but believe it will not have a material impact on our Statement of Financial Condition. See comments under ASU 2014-09 for more information. |

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

2. Income Taxes

We continue to review and analyze the provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, including the actual and potential impact of the reduction in the U.S. federal corporate income tax rate and the impact on our statement of financial condition. The impact of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act may differ from existing amounts due to, among other things, changes in interpretations and assumptions we have made and guidance that may be issued by regulatory authorities. The Securities and Exchange Commission has issued rules that allow for a one year measurement period after the enactment of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act to finalize calculations and recording of the related tax impacts. While we do not anticipate any significant changes to the amounts recorded as of December 31, 2017, any adjustments to amounts recorded as a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act will be made during 2018.

The income tax asset (liability) was as follows:

| | December 31, 2017 |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Federal income tax asset (liability): | |
| Current | \$ 1,434,030 |
| Deferred | (1,253,778) |
| Total federal income tax asset (liability) | <u>180,252</u> |
| State income tax asset (liability): | |
| Current | 5,310 |
| Deferred | (64,429) |
| Total state income tax asset (liability) | <u>(59,119)</u> |
| Total current income tax asset (liability) | 1,439,340 |
| Total deferred income tax asset (liability) | <u>(1,318,207)</u> |
| Total income tax asset (liability) | <u><u>\$ 121,133</u></u> |

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

2. Income Taxes (continued)

Significant components of our deferred tax assets and liabilities were as follows:

| | December 31, 2017 |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Deferred tax assets | |
| Accrued liabilities | \$ 126,200 |
| Planner loans | 223,689 |
| Total deferred tax assets | <u>\$ 349,889</u> |
| Deferred tax liabilities | |
| <i>AdviceNextSM</i> | 1,207,443 |
| Other | 460,653 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | <u>1,668,096</u> |
| Net deferred tax asset (liability) | <u>\$ (1,318,207)</u> |

Current federal income taxes receivable is included in due from affiliates on the Statement of Financial Condition. Current state income taxes receivable is included in other assets on the Statement of Financial Condition.

The Company is required to establish a valuation allowance for any gross deferred tax assets that are unlikely to reduce taxes payable in future years' tax returns. At December 31, 2017, the Company concluded that it was more likely than not that its gross deferred tax assets will reduce taxes payable in future years; therefore, no valuation allowance was necessary.

The LNC consolidated group is subject to examination by U.S. federal, state, local and non-U.S. income authorities. We are currently not under examination by the Internal Revenue Service; however, tax years 2014 and forward remain open.

There are no uncertain tax positions related to the Company in the current year.

3. Agreements and Transactions With Affiliates

In order to be compliant with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") rules regarding proper expense recognition and expense-sharing agreements, LFS has entered into various cost-sharing agreements with affiliates. Additionally, costs are allocated to LFS by certain affiliates under common LNC control for corporate and administrative services and for certain securities-related and product-specific expenses pursuant to Master Services Agreements. Costs include, but are not limited to, expenses related to broker-dealer management and operations, home and field office, human resource administration, print and distribution, legal services, compliance, administrative expenses, information technology, and communication services.

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

4. Contingencies

Regulatory and Litigation Matters

Regulatory bodies, such as the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and FINRA, regularly make inquiries and conduct examinations or investigations concerning our compliance with, among other things, securities laws, laws governing the activities of broker-dealers, and registered investment advisors.

LFS is involved in various pending or threatened legal or regulatory proceedings arising from the conduct of business both in the ordinary course and otherwise. In some of the matters, very large and/or indeterminate amounts, including punitive and treble damages, are sought. Modern pleading practice in the U.S. permits considerable variation in the assertion of monetary damages or other relief. Jurisdictions may permit claimants not to specify the monetary damages sought or may permit claimants to state only that the amount sought is sufficient to invoke the jurisdiction of the trial court. In addition, jurisdictions may permit plaintiffs to allege monetary damages in amounts well exceeding reasonably possible verdicts in the jurisdiction for similar matters. This variability in pleadings, together with our actual experiences in litigating or resolving through settlement numerous claims over an extended period of time, demonstrates to management that the monetary relief which may be specified in a lawsuit or claim bears little relevance to its merits or disposition value.

Due to the unpredictable nature of litigation, the outcome of a litigation matter and the amount or range of potential loss at particular points in time is normally difficult to ascertain. Uncertainties can include how fact finders will evaluate documentary evidence and the credibility and effectiveness of witness testimony, and how trial and appellate courts will apply the law in the context of the pleadings or evidence presented, whether by motion practice, or at trial or on appeal. Disposition valuations are also subject to the uncertainty of how opposing parties and their counsel will themselves view the relevant evidence and applicable law.

We establish liabilities for litigation and regulatory loss contingencies when information related to the loss contingencies shows both that it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. It is possible that some matters could require us to pay damages or make other expenditures or establish accruals in amounts that could not be estimated as of December 31, 2017. While the potential future charges could be material in the particular quarterly or annual periods in which they are recorded, based on information currently known by management, management does not believe any such charges are likely to have a material adverse effect on LFS’s financial position.

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition (continued)

4. Contingencies (continued)

For some matters, the Company is able to estimate a reasonably possible range of loss. For such matters in which a loss is probable, an accrual has been made. For such matters where a loss is believed to be reasonably possible, but not probable, no accrual has been made. For other matters, we are not currently able to estimate the reasonably possible loss or range of loss. We are often unable to estimate the possible loss or range of loss until developments in such matters have provided sufficient information to support an assessment of the range of possible loss, such as quantification of a damage demand from plaintiffs, discovery from other parties and investigation of factual allegations, rulings by the court on motions or appeals, analysis by experts, and the progress of settlement negotiations. On a quarterly and annual basis, we review relevant information with respect to litigation contingencies and update our accruals, disclosures and estimates of reasonably possible losses or ranges of loss based on such reviews.

5. Net Capital Requirements

LFS operates under the alternative standard provisions of the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the minimum net capital to be the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items computed in accordance with the SEC Customer Protection Rule (Rule 15c3-3) reserve requirements.

| | December 31, 2017 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Minimum net capital requirement | \$ 250,000 |
| Net capital | 6,011,359 |
| Excess net capital | <u>\$ 5,761,359</u> |

6. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through the date the financial statements were issued.



Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation
1300 Clinton Street
Fort Wayne, IN 46802

Lincoln Financial Securities Corporation

Statement of Financial Condition

Year Ended December 31, 2017

With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm